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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

A box containing dynamite and gun cotton was found on the United States supply steamer Port Victor; it is supposed an attempt was made to blow up the vessel. —— Lieut. Richmond P. Hobson is in New York making arrangements for the recovery of the wrecked Spanish warship Cristobal Colon. —— The government does not expect to hear direct from Gen. Miles at Porto Rico before next Saturday. —— Gen. Shafter reports about 500 new cases of yellow fever among the troops at Santiago on the 24th inst. —— Four Russian men-of-war are supposed to be on their way to the Philippines; and four Japanese warships have been ordered to co-operate with British and American admirals in the event of international complications. —— Deaths from yellow fever in Guantanamo city average fifteen daily; Commander McCalla maintains a strict quarantine. —— A German steamer at St. Thomas reports being fired upon by a U. S. cruiser off San Juan, Porto Rico. —— A dispatch from St. Thomas says the United States troops are landing near Ponce, on the south coast of Porto Rico. —— It is denied that Spain has opened negotiatiations for peace, the government being still hopeful of a European concert against the United States. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1@1½ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 6 1-16c; flour dull and easy; wheat—spot weak No. 2 red 80c; corn—spot firm; No. 2 40½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 25.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 73 deg.; 8 P.M. 79 deg.; maximum, 84 deg.; minimum. 72 deg.; mean, 78 deg.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 6.57 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 A. M. yesterday:

General rains continued during the past 24 hours in all districts and were particularly heavy in Lousiana, South Carolina, and Alabama. Slightly cooler weather prevails. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: St. Georges, S. C., 1.68; Goodwater, Ala., 2.14; La. Fayette, La., 2.04; Monroe, La., 1.56; Natchez, La., 1.80.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Continued cloudy and unsettled weather prevails in Texas, the lower Mississippi and Ohio valleys, and thence eastward to the Atlantic coast. Showers, light to moderate, have occurred throughout these sections during the day, and rain continues generally to-night in all South Atlantic States. A thunder storm, with 2.00 inches of rainfall is reported from Tampa, Fla. The weather is clear and warm in the central West and Northwest, and it is cooler in the upper Mississippi valley and Lake regions. The pressure is highest in the Northwest and in the Atlantic Coast States, while a moderately low trough extends from Texas northeast to the St. Lawrence valley. It has fallen some in most all sections during the past 12 hours.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 7 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina—Showers and thunderstorms, southerly winds.

Port Almanac--July 26,

Sun Rises	5.02 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.10 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 08 M.
High Water at Southport	12.10 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	2.40 A. M.

Great coal deposits are said to have been discovered in Alaska, 400 miles up the Yokukuk river, which is pronounced equal to the best Pennsylvania anthracite.

Not more than half as many American tourists went abroad this year as usual, and about 75 per cent. more than usual have returned.

The King of Swaziland, in South Africa, never buys any shooting irons until he tests them to his satisfaction. He recently shot about a dozen of his servants to test the efficiency of an improved rifle.

Some of the New York papers complain at the decline in New York's foreign commerce, which has been $100,000,000 a year since 1892. Other ports, especially Southern ports, are gaining what New York is losing.

The pay of the American private soldier is not enough to make him look down with disdain on his poor relations, but it is a bonanza compared with the pay of the private in the Russian army, who gets $2.25 a year. But in addition to this he has the privilege of getting shot when the emergencies present themselves, a privilege that a fellow who doesn't handle more than $2.25 a year ought to avail himself of.

It is intimated that Commodore Schley with the Brooklyn and some other daisy ships may be added to Commodore Watson's squadron, which it is now said is to be sent across the Atlantic for the moral effect it will have on European nations. There are a good many who think that Watson's squadron should be added to Schley, who has shown himself to be a great and a speedy moralizer, and also on special occasions a demoralizer of the fellows he runs up against.

The Spaniards talk just like the Republican machine manipulators in North Carolina do, who want fusion with the Pops on "honorable terms." While they are waiting for somebody to fix up the honorable terms for them, they are being walloped and made so dizzy that they couldn't recognize "honorable terms" if they saw them. The Rep machine manipulators are coming in for their share of walloping, too, later on.

Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, has lately been linguistically larruping Prof. Norton, of Hartford University, for some of his un-American and un-patriotic talk to the students. We don't often happen to get on Hoar's side of a debate, but in this wrangle we are with him. Norton is a stale egg.

A Mexican genius claims to have perfected a process by which dynamite can be shot from a gun with ordinary gun powder. Who would have thought of an unsophisticated Mexican studying up such mischief.

London has recently been taken in by a bogus count. That's right. Heretofore these bogus counts have been doing their buncoing mostly on this side.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Str. Wilmington—Schedule.
D. O'Connor—House for rent.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For Sale—Century Dictionary.
R. B. Register—To cotton shippers.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Rev. J. D. Larkins, of Kenansville, arrived in the city yesterday.

—Mr.s John R. Hanby left Saturday to visit relatives in Savannah, Ga.

—Mr. W. H. French, of Rocky Point, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

—Mr. James D. Woodroe returned home from Lake Waccamaw yesterday.

—Mr. Brooke Todd, of Charlotte, is spending some time at Wrightsville beach.

—Miss Maffitt, of Charlotte, who has been visiting Mrs. R. H. Northrop, has returned home.

—Mr. C. H. Heide, of Cape Fear Township, was a welcome visitor to STAR office yesterday.

—Miss Lula Galloway, of Charlotte, is in the city, visiting the family of Dr. W. C. Galloway.

—The STAR is glad to announce that Mr. J. E. Bunting is out again. He has been quite sick with fever.

—Mr. George D. Crow, who has been spending some time at Lincolnton Lithia Springs, returned home yesterday.

—Mr. H. C. Cowles, Jr., of Statesville, who has been on a visit to Mr. Gaston Myers, returned home yesterday.

—Sergent W. L. Woods and Privates Thos. Becke and Chester Oregon, Fort Caswell, arrived in the city yesterday to spend a short while.

—Mrs. Robt. C. Merritt and son, of this city, left for Halifax, N. C., on yesterday morning, where they intend spending several weeks with friends.

—Mr. M. R. Jackson, one of the railway postal clerks, who runs regularly to Wilmington, is quite sick with typhoid fever at his home in Faison.

—Mrs. T. M. Morse, of Southport, left last night via the Atlantic Coast Line for Port Royal, to visit her husband, Lieut. T. M. Morse, on the *Nantucket*.

—Mr. J. W. Cannon and daughters, Misses Marguerite and Mary Ella Cannon, returned to their home in Concord yesterday, after a pleasant stay at Ocean View beach.

—Frank Thompson, Esq., the good old Democratic warhorse of Onslow county, spent Sunday in the city, returning from the session of the Methodist District Conference at Whiteville.

—Miss Olive Armstrong and her two guests, Miss Mary Smith, of Spartanburg, and Miss Lela Phillips, of Tarboro, left last night for Spartanburg, S. C., to spend some time at Miss Smith's home.

—Mr. Jas. K. Collier, Wilmington's young dramatist, left Sunday night for New York, where at the opening of the season he will take up his duties as treasurer of Primrose & Dockstader's minstrels.

—Misses Rosa Etheridge, Daisy McDonald, Georgie Lowe and Catherine Jordan, all of Charlotte, who have been at Seashore Hotel, Ocean View Beach, the past ten days, returned home yesterday.

ATLANTA REUNION.

Young Ladies Representing North Carolina Recipients of Marked Attention.

SPONSOR AND ATTENDANTS.

Entertained at the Kimball House as Guests of the City of Atlanta—Receptions in Their Honor—North Carolina Division Headquarters.

Col. W. L. DeRosset, Col. W. J. Woodward, and Capt. James I. Metts, of the Wilmington Confederate Veterans, returned from the Confederate Reunion at Atlanta Sunday via the Seaboard Air Line accompanied by Miss Penelope B. Myers, of Washington, N. C., sponsor for North Carolina Miss Annie Blount DeRosset, first maid of honor, came with the party as far as Monroe, but changed cars there for Asheville where she will be for some time. Miss Myers will be in the city for a few days as the guest of Mrs. T. E. Sprunt. Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, and Mr. J. O. Ormsby, of this city, were not with those who came by the Seaboard Air Line, but arrived by another route.

While highly pleased with the reunion in every respect, the old Confederates are more than proud and delighted at the great cordiality which the young ladies of North Carolina received and the honor, which were heaped upon them. They were entertained at the Kimball House, where they were the guests of the city of Atlanta. On Wednesday night they were entertained by the Capital Club and the R. E. Lee Society and on Friday night the headquarters of the sponsors and the maids of honor were visited by Governor Atkinson and staff, Miss Winnie Davis and other notable persons.

Saturday morning the young ladies under the chaperonage of Col. W. J. Woodward, visited the *Constitution* building, where they were made the special guests of Hon. W. A. Hemphill. Afterwards they went to Fort McPherson, where by a lucky chance a Wilmington soldier, Mr. E. A. McKoy, was doing guard duty, and, of course, did all in his power for the comfort and entertainment of the visitors. Among the interesting features of the place were numerous Spanish soldiers and wounded Americans. To the latter the North Carolina girls gave flowers and uttered words of sympathy and praise. A few of the young ladies from this State, besides those already named, were Miss Grier, of Charlotte, sponsor of Mecklenburg camp; Miss Wall, of Rockingham, sponsor of Rockingham camp, and the following brigade maids of honor: Miss Kelly, of Charlotte; Miss Clinard, of Hickory; Miss Leach, of Lillington, and Miss Shartle, of Asheville.

The veterans speak with the greatest delight however about the special courtesies which were shown the North Carolina sponsor and the first maid of honor. Thursday afternoon they received with Miss Winnie Davis at the residence of Mr. F. S. Ellis on Peachtree street. On the same afternoon they attended receptions given by Gen. C. A. Evans and Hon. Hoke Smith. Thursday night at a reception given by the city of Atlanta to the sponsors and first maids of honor, Miss Myers and Miss DeRosset were publicly spoken of as the most charming and fascinating ladies present. Friday the North Carolina sponsor and maid of honor with Col. Woodward and Hon. W. A. Hemphill of the Atlanta *Constitution*, were the guests of the Piedmont Driving Club at their splendid park, and at a breakfast given in honor of Miss Winnie Davis Miss DeRosset was accorded the high privilege of being the only unmarried lady invited.

Division Headquarters.

The North Carolina division had its headquarters at the Leyden House, the proprietor of which, Major Leyden, commanded Leyden's Artillery in the civil war. The house was surrendered to North Carolina, and the division flag floated above the building.

The reunion was a complete success. The veterans all say so. They affirm that the Atlantians can't be beaten in hospitality, and they will always have the most pleasant recollection of their stay in the Gate City.

LICENSE WAS NOT USED.

A Jilted Lover Returned to His Regiment—Was Wounded at Santiago.

An unused marriage license was returned to the Register of Deeds' office yesterday. It was issued June 15th for the marriage of Sergeant Richard Martin, of the Tenth regiment colored cavalry and Margie A. Holmes, of this city. It seems that Martin completed a five years enlistment in the regular army about June 1st and left his regiment at Tampa, Fla., to come home, marry his old sweetheart and settle down in private life. On the eve of the day for his marriage the engagement was broken off and Martin left at once, rejoined his company at Tampa and was ordered to Santiago. His friends here say that they have seen his name among the list of wounded in the battle before Santiago.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Messrs. Fussell and Mallard, of Rose Hill, will run an excursion to Wlimington to-day.

— Geo. H. White, the colored Congressman of the Second district, arrived in the city yesterday.

— A license was issued yesterday for the marriage of a colored couple, Moses Blocmfield and Louise Battle.

— Mr. Joe E. Bunting, a popular salesman in Mr. A. D. Brown's store, is at his post again after a brief illness.

— The Board of New Hanover County Commissioners, Col. Roger Moore, chairman, will meet to-day at 2:30 P. M.

— Remember the Democratic rally at Whiteville August 3rd. Jno. D Bellamy and R. Tyler Bennett will be the principal speakers.

— A citizen wishes to know when the trash carts are coming around, as he has been quietly waiting for weeks for his trash barrel to be emptied.

— Capt. Donald MacRae, of Company K, who arrived in the city last Wednesday on leave of absence, will return to camp Wednesday morning.

— Daniel Middleton, the colored man who was recently declared insane by commission de lunatico inquendo, has been placed in the Goldsboro asylum.

— A business meeting of the Baptist Boy's Brigade was held last night. The brigade has about decided to go into camp at Carolina Beach on Monday, August 1st.

— Mr. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, offers to handle consignments of cotton, naval stores and all kinds of country produce. He also inspects tar and turpentine. See his ad.

— Rev. John E. White, of Raleigh, Secretary of the Baptist Home and Foreign Mission Board, preached two very excellent sermons at the First Baptist Church Sunday and Sunday night.

— A STAR representative heard a prominent Republican say yesterday that he believed C. P. Lockey, Republican nominee for Judge, would be "pulled down" to make way for Stevens the Deserter.

— Contractor John C. Stout began work yesterday on a handsome two-story house on North Seventh street that Mr. W. E. Perdew is having erected on the site formerly occupied by his father's house.

— In response to a very general desire on the part of the public, the steamer *Wilmington* will hereafter leave here every night at 7.30, and will leave Carolina Beach at 8.30. The fare on this boat to the pier is 15 cents.

— Mr. B. F. Fussell, of Teachy, was here yesterday arranging preliminaries for an excursion from points up the W. & N. to Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach on August 4th. Associated with Mr. Fussell in the management of the excursion are Messrs. H. G. Williamson, of Mount Olive and N. D. Williams of Magnolia.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Meeting Held Yesterday in the Office of the Superintendent of Health.

As foreshadowed in a recent issue of the STAR, the Board of Health yesterday inaugurated a movement for increasing the number of carts and wagons used in the city sanitary department. A meeting of the Board was held yesterday, at which Mayor Wright, Superintendent of Health W. D. McMillan and Dr. Russell were present. They instructed the superintendent to request the Board of Aldermen, the Board of Audit and Finance concurring, to increase the number of trash carts to seven carts and two wagons. There are only three carts in actual service now.

At the request of Superintendent Skelding, of the Wilmington Street Railway Company, an order was passed granting that company a general immergency permit for making repairs on their tracks throughout the city.

Dr. McMillan was instructed by the Board, to as Superintendent of Health, prosecute all parties who throw trash, rinds, etc., upon the streets. The penalty for this offence is a fine of from $3 to $25.

Mr. J. F. Sellers Assigns.

A deed of assignment was filed with the Register of Deeds yesterday by Mr. J. F. Sellers, who has been conducting a mercantile business at No. 1116 North Fourth between Swan and Nixon streets. Mr. Elijah Chadwick is named as trustee. The deed conveys to Mr. Chadwick the stock, store fixtures and all other personal property attached to the store. No statement is made as to assets or liabilities. Provision is made for the payment of $100 to Herbert McClammy, Esq., for services as attorney. Hyer Bros. are preferred for $200, and Matt J. Hyer for $500.

Sunday at Carolina Beach.

Sunday was a gala day at Carolina Beach. It was not that the attractions were any greater than usual. But the days previous had been hotter than usual and consequently more people sought the refreshing breezes of the ocean. The steamer *Wilmington* carried down large crowds of people, many of whom were people from a distance. Both the club houses and the Oceanic Hotel were well filled.

DANCE ON THE BEACH

Complimentary Hop in Honor of Young Ladies Visiting in Wilmington.

AT THE SEASHORE HOTEL.

One of the Most Successful and Enjoyable Affairs of the Season—The Visitors and Others Who Participated in the Hop.

The hop at Seashore Hotel, Ocean View beach, last night was one of the most brilliant events of the kind that has been given this season. As previously announced in the STAR, it was a complimentary hop by the young men in honor of visiting and Wilmington ladies. Proprietor Campbell and manager Crawford of the hotel were lavish with courtesies and ministered in every way possible to the success of the occasion.

The young men had previously secured the "right of way" in the hotel, and the motto of the occasion was, "On with the dance; let joy be unconfined." Refreshments were served about 12 o'clock. The gentlemen composing the management committee, to whom much credit is due for the great success of the hop, were Mr. James Black, Mr. Edwin Brown and Mr. Joe Curathers.

An arrangement was made by the young men for running a late train from the beach. It left the Seashore Hotel at 1.00 A. M., with a merry company of Wilmingtonians homeward bound. Capt. Lippitt was the efficient and accommodating conductor in charge.

The following ladies and gentlemen participated in the hop:

Miss Sadie Hanes, Winston; Miss Lenna Neville and Miss Sue Gunning, Columbus, Ohio; Miss Theodora Bryan Grimes, Grimesland; Miss May Tayloe, Washington, N. C.; Miss LeGrand, Norfolk; Miss Ella Taylor; Washington, N. C.; Miss Grace King, Charlotte; Miss Virgina Clark, Tarboro; Miss Noel, Lexington, Miss.; Misses Mary L. McKoy, Lola Martin, Katie Maffitt, Jeanie Peck, Leonora Cantwell, Mary J. Bellamy, Mabel Powers, Elliott and Nellie Emerson, Mamie Baldwin, Nessie Cotchett and Miss Daggett. Mr. Joe Zate, Greensboro; Mr. Frank Miller, Winston; Mr. Elmer Ecker, Richmond, Messrs. E. T. Taylor, Jas. Cowan, Kirby Collier, Chas. E. Taylor, Walter Daggett, Octave Wiggins, Henry McMillan, Nash DeRosset, McRae Hatch, Michael Schenck, Geo. James, L. B. Southerland, DeLeon Southerland, T. C. DeRosset, R. G. Rankin, Clarence French, Albert Peschau, Geo. Peschau, Fab. Haywood, E. A. Metts, J. C. Angel, Marsden Bellamy, Bellamy Harriss, Neill Emerson, Robt. Nash, Stevenson Brown and Dr. Zachery.

The Ball Game Friday.

The O. A. N. boys now boast of the strongest base ball team in the history of the club. The recent addition of Tate Royster and others has greatly strengthened the team and it is probable that the boys from Pittsboro will not find it easy to shut them out. In facti there is every indication that an interesting game of ball will be played Friday, and if the visitors do win they must pay dearly for their laurals. The people of Wilmidgton should give the boys a big crowd.

Hauled Crowds of People.

Last Saturday and Sunday Wilmington Seacoast Railroad to Ocean View beach did the biggest passenger business of the season except possible that of July Fourth. All trains were crowded with pleasure seekers. Travel was especially heavy on Saturday. The road seems to be doing a splendid business and is giving an excellent service. Supt. R. O. Grant and Captains E. L. Hinton and Joe Lippitt are untiring in their efforts to give the public the very best accommodations.

Mr. T. C. Craft, Jr., Married.

Mr. Thomas C. Craft, of this city, has received a telegram announcing the marriage of his son, Mr. Thomas C. Craft, Jr., who now resides in Baltimore, to Miss Caroline B. Etheredge, of that city. The ceremony was performed Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Craft is a native of this city and is now associated with the firm of Tate, Muller & Co., grain exporters, Baltimore, Md. Mr. and Mrs. Craft, so the telegram stated, will spend their honeymoon in Atlantic City.

The Shooting Accidental.

A case was tried before 'Squire R. H. Bunting yesterday, in which Bill Lee, colored, was charged with shooting Ben Bonner, also colored. The offence was committed Friday night. The evidence indicated that Bill Lee was passing Ben Bonner's house when the latter's dog sprang out at him. He drew his pistol and fired. The shot went wide of the mark and struck Bonner, wounding him in the leg. 'Squire Bunting dismissed the case.

Left Last Night.

Lieut. W. M. Atkinson, of the U. S. S. *Nantucket*, left last night at 7.15 o'clock, by the Coast Line, returning to Port Royal to resume his duties on board the ship. He has been here since Tuesday night last on leave of absence and looking up recruits for the *Nantucket*. As before stated in the STAR he has sent down seven new men.

— Mr. Jeff D. Sessoms, of Stedman, was a welcome caller at the STAR office last evening.

THE FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT

Tenth Annual Convention to Meet in Goldsboro To-day—Prizes to be Contended for To-morrow.

This morning at 11 o'clock, in Goldsboro, the tenth annual convention and tournament of the North Carolina State Firemen's Association is to be called to order by President James D. McNeill, of Fayetteville, and will be in session through Wednesday and Thursday. Firemen all over the State are looking forward to the occasion with considerable interest and it is probable that the attendance will be large.

Mr. H. L. Peterson, of Engine Co. No. 1, and Mr. John T. Yates, of the Hook and Ladder Company, left for Goldsboro on the 7.15 A. C. L. train to attend the convention. Chief Charles Schnibben will go at 9.35 this morning.

The tournament features of the meeting will be to-morrow and Thursday. There will be a grand street parade at 9 o'clock to-morrow, followed by a steam fire engine contest. There are three prizes for best engine race from start to finish, respectively $40, $20 and $15 There is a $35 prize for the engine making the quickest steam, and $15 for the second quickest. Prizes of $40 and $20 are offered for engines throwing water the farthest.

The engine contest will be followed by hand reel and hook and ladder contests. The aggregates of prizes are as follows: Hand reel, $110; horse hook and ladder, $150, and junior hand reel team, $30. The aggregates of prizes for Thursday's contest are as follows: Horse hose wagons, $110, grab reel races, $65; fastest individual runner, $10, and box race, $5.00. There is also to be on Thursday a champion reel team contest and quick steam engine contest. The total of money prizes offered by the Association is $750.

The executive committee of the Association is composed of the following officers: President James D. McNeill, Fayetteville; First Vice-president E. G. Parmele, Wilmington; Second Vice-president J. W. Griffith, Greensboro; Secretary J. C. Michie, Durham; Corresponding Secretary J. C. Mitten, Goldsboro; Treasurer, T. A. Green, Newbern, and Statistician, M. V. B. Capps, Salisbury.

SECOND REGIMENT BAND WILL GO.

They Decided Yesterday to Attend the Columbus County Democratic Rally.

The executive committee of the Second Regiment band has decided that the band will attend the big Democratic rally at Whiteville August 3d. They will leave here on the morning of the 3d, and return the day following.

Mr. J. A. Brown, chairman of the Columbus county Democratic executive committee, was here yesterday and perfected the arrangements with President Jas. W. Monroe and Messrs. J. E. Willson and S. A. Schloss, who constitute the executive committee.

Indications are that the Columbus county demonstration will be one of the biggest and most enthusiastic gatherings in the history of the county.

DIED OE HEMORRHAGIC FEVER.

Promising Young Man of Sloop Point Succumbs to this Dangerous Disease.

Mr. Ira Hall, a promising young man of Sloop Point, aged 21 years, died yesterday morning at 4.30 o'clock, at the home of his father, of hemorrhagic fever. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hall, of Sloop Point, and nephew of Mr. A. E. Blake, of this city. He had been having chills and fevers, but was better on Friday. He suffered a terrible strain in keeping a mule from running away and had a hemorrhage as a result. Eight others followed soon after and he grew steadily worse. The funeral takes place to-day.

Prizes on Exhibition.

One of the show windows of the Acme Saloon, corner of Front and Dock streets, is filled with all kinds of handsome prizes which are to be given the winners in the various contests at Carolina Beach day after to-morrow by Howard Relief Fire Engine Company. There will be a shooting match, a boating contest, running race, and sack race. The prizes include an umbrella, pipes, spoons, hammock, box of cigars, walking cane, valise, rocking chair and other equally valuable articles.

There will probably be numerous contestants and a day of much enjoyment is confidently expected. The STAR acknowledges with thanks the receipt of a complimentary ticket.

Will Return To-day.

Seaman Z. T. Lumley, of the U. S. S. *Nantucket*, who came home Saturday to attend the funeral of his little child, Zack McClure Lumley, will leave to-day at 3.30 P. M. by the Seaboard Air Line, returning to the ship. The funeral was conducted Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock by Rev. A. Barnes and the interment was made at Bellevue Cemetery.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circution of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Gov. Russell's Advice to the Republican Usurpers of New Hanover County.

TO GET DOWN AND GET OUT.

He Realizes the Incompetency of the Republican Board and Believes That They Have Already Matters in Shape to Embarras the Democrats.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 23.

The statement that Governor Russell has advised the Republican Board of County Commissioners of New Hanover county to yield to the ruling of Judge Robinson and let the Democratic Board take possession is considered thoroughly reliable. Though private secretary Cade and all of the State officials deny having given out such information and plead ignorance on the subject, there is one close to the Governor who is authority for the statement. He will not allow his name to be used, but the information, he says, is guaranteed.

The Republican Board, it is said, wrote to the Governor at the time of the institution of proceedings by the Democratic Board, asking for advice on the subject and this is the Governor's reason for tendering the advice. It is stated that the Governor considered the fight of the Republican Board as hopeless and thus informed them. He also said in his letter that his advice was in accord with a recent ruling of the State Supreme Court.

The opinion of a gentleman in this city who is an intimate friend of the Governor, is that Russell's reasons for giving this advice is not alone the status of the law, but he realizes the incompetency of the Republican board and believes matters are in such condition as will embarrass the Democratic board when it comes into power.

D. B. Shaw, of Charlotte, has been commissioned State detective. There are to be two assistants in each county in the State, and the organization will be perfect, it is said.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The court of inquiry into the hospital management of the Second regiment reported yesterday to Col. Burgwyn. This afternoon Col. Burgwyn made the report public, with his comments. He censures Chief Surgeon J. H. Stockard, and advises more careful attention to duty hereafter. In substance, it is a mild roast for the hospital management. The surgeon asked for an investigation, and it appears that he got a little more than he expected.

Not Guilty of the Charge.

Justice R. H. Bunting rendered his decision yesterday in the case against Mr. C. R. Branch, charged with insulting an officer while in the discharge of his duty. STAR readers will remember that Mr. Branch was arrested by Chief of Police Melton because he was abusing the chief on account of what he considered unfair treatment in settling an impounding claim a few days previous. The case was heard Saturday. 'Squire Bunting ruled yesterday that Mr. Branch was not guilty of abusing an officer while in the discharge of his duty, but that he was guilty of disorderly conduct. He suspended judgment on the payment of costs.

Bogart's Annual Excursion.

Bogart's annual excursion from Greensboro and Ramsuer next Friday, is expected to be one of the largest of the season. There will probably be ten or twelve coaches full of people and part of two days will be spent in the city. A party of the excursionists ard planning to leave here early Saturday morning on the *Marion* for the blackfish grounds, returning in time to leave for home in the afternoon. It is also expected that many of the visitors will go to sea on the *Wilmington* Saturday.

Colored Excursionists.

An excursion of about 350 colored people arrived here yesterday over the C. F. & Y. V. railroad at 11.30, from Fayetteville and points between here and there. It was managed by Mr. J. A. King, of Fayetteville. The excursion train left last night at 9 o'clock.

There was also a colored excursion from Goldsboro with about the same number of people. There were quite enough on both excursions to keep the streets crowded with the colored element nearly all day.

At Fort McPherson.

Col. W. L. DeRosset was exceedingly well pleased with the reunion at Atlanta, but there was one thing at Fort McPherson that didn't suit him at all. That was the way in which white and colored soldiers were thrown together. He saw about thirty men on guard duty, part white and part black. The cot upon which the Caucasian slept was side by side with that occupied by the African. This was associating the two races too intimately, Col. DeRosset thought.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

In July, 1894, Mr. Willis P. Blair, of Columbus, Miss., decided to increase his Life Insurance, and after carefully comparing propositions made by agents of a certain "Tontine" Company and the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, of Newark, N. J., he found that he could get from the latter company a policy of $5,000 on the 20 per cent. loan plan for an annual outlay of $97.15, while that amount in the "Tontine" Company would only pay for $3,320. He chose the Mutual Benefit's policy, with the understanding that if the dividends were not sufficient to entirely cover the 20 per cent. loan, there would be a small amount due in case of death. Mr. Blair died on July 1, 1898, and the statement from the company showed that there was only $18.37 of the 20 per cent. loan unpaid. In other words, the Company paid the beneficiary $4,981.63, while the "Tontine" Company would have only paid $3,320 for the same premium. Mr. Blair was only 37 years old.

The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, of Newark, N. J., is represented in Wilmington by A. L. DeRosset.

SAD NEWS FOR MR. W. A. SANDERS.

Receives a Telegram Announcing the Death of His Brother.

Mr. W. A. Sanders, the Wrightsville Beach grocer, received a telegram yesterday, bringing him the sad news of the death of his brother, Mr. Luther Sanders, who died suddenly at his home in Philadelphia on Sunday night. He was quite a young man and his brother, who had not heard of his illness, was greatly shocked to hear that he was dead. The remains were expected to arrive at Beaufort, the former home of the deceased, last night, and Mr. Sanders left here yesterday afternoon via the W. & N. road to be present at the funeral obsequies, which will take place to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

The Cantwell House,
corner Sixth and Market streets.
Nine rooms; modern improvements.
Possession given October 1st. Apply to
jy 26 tf D. O'Connor.

Carolina Beach and Southport
STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.
Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.
Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.
9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.
Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

J. W. Harper.
jy 26 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

500 Rolls Bagging.
800 Bundles Ties.
900 Bushels Corn.
750 Bushels Meal.
50 Boxes Meat.
850 Barrels Flour.
100 Barrels Sugar.
125 Boxes Crackers.
100 Boxes Candy.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
jy 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.
Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.20 A. M.; 5.45, 8.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.
On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.
The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.
Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

ARE YOU WHITE?

Along with Christianity we can conquer the world, commercially and otherwise long before we CONQUER CUBA.

We Are Offering

"Cuban Blossom" Cigars,
"Renown,"
"Topical Twist-head,"

Altogether superior to any CIGARS sold for 5 cents, the sale of which on this market runs into hundreds of thousands. SMOKERS ask for these brands and take no substitute, as the substitute only makes more money for the seller. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

Vollers & Hashagen,

General Provision Dealers for sale of Meats, Lard, Canned Meats, Corn, &c.
jy 17 tf Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, HELD JUNE 22ND, THE USUAL

Semi-annual Dividend of 3 Per Cent.

Was Declared.

LOCAL STOCKHOLDERS MAY RECEIVE THEIR DIVIDEND CHECK BY CALLING AT THE BANK

J. W. Norwood, President.
je 23 tf

W. S. W.
JUL 24 1898

WE CAN MAKE YOU A

Stamp to Cancel Your Revenue Stamps

AT SHORT NOTICE.

Line Daters Only 30c by Mail Post Paid.

Check Protectors,

SEALS, AND STOCK CERTIFICATES. HALF TONE ENGRAVINGS.

Autograph Stamps,
Air Cushion Stamps.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,

13 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 260. jy 24 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

TWO THINGS WE MUST HAVE.

The "great West," as it was once called, will continue to be mainly an agricultural section, depending chiefly, as it does now, on its wheat, corn, pork and beef. It has a surplus of all of these, for which a market must be found in other countries, and unless such market be found the men who produce the wheat and corn and raise the pork and beef will find little if any profit in the business. Years hence when our population reaches a hundred millions or more there may be a home demand for all the foodstuffs produced, but until then the foreign market will be necessary to the prosperity of the West.

The South will continue to be an agricultural section, but in addition is destined to become a great manufacturing section, probably in time the greatest in the country. She is not and possibly may never be much interested as a seller of foodstuffs beyond her own borders, but she is and always will be interested in the markets for cotton, both at home and abroad. The cotton-growing area of the world is, compared with other staple crops, limited, while the demand for cotton must, with the increasing population of the earth, continue to increase. But the possible cotton-producing area is not so limited that the Southern cotton-grower may not be forced to meet pretty lively competition in the European markets, where he now finds sale for a large part of his crop.

What proportions this competition may attain will depend very much on the ability of the Southern cotton grower to meet the foreign demand at prices the foreign manufacturers are willing to pay. While this is done this new competition may not develop very rapidly, but if the American crops should become so reduced by design or by climatic or other causes, which would make cotton scarce and consequently high, then we might look for a pretty rapid growth of that industry in the countries abroad adapted to it, especially in Southern Russia, to which considerable attention is already given to cotton culture, and where enough will be soon produced to supply the demand of the mills of that country.

The East will continue to be a manufacturing section because it has made a start in that and got a foothold. Its manufactories have given it most of its wealth; its people have made manufacturing industries a study and they have mastered them as well as any people in the world have. But they are confronted with competition from the South in some lines of manufactures, and will be in others, so that they will not have the easy run of the home market which they once had. This will make it necessary for them to look abroad and find markets in other sections for their goods produced in excess of the home demand, as they are doing now and have been doing for some years since they have begun to overstock the home market.

It has been satisfactorily demonstrated that in such goods as our manufacturers make they can, as to the cost of production, compete with the manufacturers of European countries, who are supposed to have the advantage of cheaper labor. But this advantage is more than offset by American machinery and skill, and the general tact for doing things quickly and well. Our manufacturers, like our wheat and corn growers and pork and beef raisers, and our cotton growers, have reached that point where foreign markets are absolutely necessary to their prosperity, and will become more so as manufacturing industries increase in the South. The time may come when with our increasing population it may not be so necessary, but it is now and will be for years to come.

Here we have the Western farmer and stock raiser, the Southern cotton planter and the American manufacturer, all compelled to meet foreign competition either present or prospective and the question is, how are they going to do it? Several of the leading European countries have strong and annually increasing merchant marines that give cheap transportation for their exportable products—agricultural and manufactured. Germany and Russia both have or are constructing canals to give shorter routes for their ships from their seas to the oceans, and Russia is building the mammoth railway of the globe to give her traders a speedy highway to the markets of Asia. This is one of the problems—cheap transportation—which confronts the American producer of cotton, foodstuffs, and of manufactured articles, and this problem must be satisfactorily solved before they can successfully meet the competition they will be forced to meet when the new territory in Southern Russia comes under cultivation, and the plans for quicker and cheaper transportation are carried out to completion.

How is this to be done? We must simply follow the example of our competing nations and in as far as we can give our producers of agricultural and manufactured articles all the advantage possible in shorter routes to foreign markets and better facilities for transportation. Our western lakes, where practicable, should have water connections with the sea so that a vessel loaded at a lake port could sail and without breaking cargo deliver it at its foreign destination.

The narrow neck of land at the isthmus of Darien should be cut, opening a way between the oceans, so that a ship loading for ports on the Western or Eastern shores of the Pacific, or for the countries lying within it, could pass through to their destination and not be forced to double the South American continent to do it, and sail three miles to cover one mile of distance by the shortest route. This would in a measure offset the canal schemes of Germany and Russia, and Russia's trans-Siberian railway.

If with this attention were turned in earnest to the building of an American merchant marine which would give the American shipper ships of his own and free him from dependence upon the ships of nations against whose shippers he must compete, he would then be able to more than hold his own against any present or prospective competition, from whatever source it might come.

But we must have short routes and ships of our own before we can count confidently upon that.

SQUASHING A LIE.

Some friend has sent us a copy of the Pittsburg, Pa., *Chronicle*, of 25th inst., which contains the following:

"The War Department has done a useful thing in publishing the status of the several States with respect to their response to the President's call for volunteers. Only five States have filled the requisition or exceeded the demand made, but most of the others are so near accomplishment that no invidious distinction can be made. The five honor States are Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey and Rhode Island. A strange fate has overtaken the State of North Carolina, which has only furnished 55 soldiers to meet its quota of 783. Colorado, Louisiana, Nebraska, Tennessee and Virginia have thus far supplied less than one-third of the number of men required of them.

"The regular army is still short by some 18,000 men, of the strength authorized by law, and it would appear proper that public effort might take hold of the fact and assist the officers detailed for recruiting persons."

This lie as to North Carolina has been extensively and repeatedly circulated on the authority of Adjutant General Corbin, who is either misinformed, or does not take the trouble to be sufficiently informed and therefore gives out inaccurate statements. As a matter of fact if all the volunteers had been accepted, who had offered their services and were qualified, North Carolina's quotas on both calls would have been largely overrun. If the announcement had not gone out from Raleigh that the first quota was full there would have been several more companies raised for which recruiting was going on when the announcement was made.

Governor Russell has been so busy manipulating county conventions &c., that he hasn't had time to give attention to such small matters as these lies about North Carolina, but he did take time a few days ago to wire the Associated Press that there was no truth in the statement that North Carolina was short on her calls, but that her "three regiments were organized promptly and large numbers have been offered in excess of quota." Perhaps if he had kept in as close communication with the War Department at Washington, as he has with his political strikers, it might not be so misinformed and would not have sent out such misleading statements.

Assistant Attorney General Boyd, who is a North Carolinian, got tired of the prominence that was being given to this lie, and in reply to a request for the facts received the following from Adjutant General Cowles, under date of 22d inst.:

"*Hon. J. E. Boyd, Assistant Attorney General:*

"Yours received. The facts are that under the first call we raised our quota, 2,205, which made the First and Second regiments and battalion of colored. Under second call our quota was 1,551. As the companies of troops under first call were organized on minimum of 80 and the United States desired the maximum of 106 men to a company, Gen. Corbin set aside 783 of our quota, with which to recruit, and ordered us to use the balance, 768, to make seven companies of colored infantry.

"We got this order June 23 and organized at once and added the seven to the three colored, making three regiments complete. Now we have used our part of the 783 to recruit the Second Regiment, and the First Regiment at Jacksonville has within seventy-five of its recruits. So you see under the second call we have raised 1,500 men. Under the second call 100 companies, of 10,000 men, volunteered as new organizations, with their own officers. Recruiting is always slow, as men go in as privates, with no prospect of being officers. I can raise twenty regiments, if necessary, in a week of new troops and with an unlimited quota we can furnish 100,000 in thirty days. We have been awfully and persistently lied on, and I believe studiously and maliciously, in Washington.

"A. D. COWLES,
"Adjutant General."

This ought to put a quietus on the talk of North Carolina's deficiency. But all of this suggests something on which we may remark later.

MINOR MENTION.

We do not see the *People's Tribune*, published at Wadesboro or thereabouts, but it is a sweet, innocent, unsophisticated little *Trib.* On being charged by the *Messenger-Intelligencer* with inconsistency in supporting Oliver H. Dockery for Congress it innocently replies, "Col. Dockery was on the People's party State ticket two years ago and we voted for him. Where does the change come in?" This breathes either the essence of unsophisticated childhood, the excuse of knavery, or the defence of idiocy. Logically it means that having voted for a man once there is no reason why we shouldn't keep on voting for him right along whatever office he might run for or whatever platform he might stand on. The candidate might change as much or as often as he pleased or as the emergencies of the office-hunter might suggest, but there would be no change in the voter. That is an entirely new feature in politics which the *Tribune* man with his sharp eye and astute intellect has discovered. According to this discovery platforms and principles do not figure in this business, and therefore Populists who two years ago supported and voted for Oliver Dockery after he had renounced his affiliation with the Republican party and declared his conversion to the Populist party can now consistently support and vote for him after he has repudiated them and gone back into the Republican party and climbed onto the gold standard platform which he vigorously denounced two years ago. O pshaw. This is entirely too thin for anything.

* * *

We have referred to the speech made by Congressman White (black) of the First District, in the late Republican convention at Raleigh. It was a highly colored speech, but it was also highly perfumed with an odorous morality which seemed to delight the constituency that White orated for and before. The following is a specimen whiff: "We immitate white men. You steal and so do we. You commit crimes and so do we." The truth of this statement will not be denied. *Some* white men—the exception—steal; and some white men commit other crimes; but all do not. Some negroes steal, and some commit other crimes; but all do not. It is not in the statement but in the application of the statement that the offence and immorality consist. It is virtually an apology for the stealing and other crimes committed by negroes, and a confession by their representative of a lack of moral control over themselves. They are proclaimed to be mere imitators of white men and must be bad if white men set them a bad example. This, coming from a mouthy representative like White is not saying much for the race, in whose behalf he insists the test with the white race must be made and who he contends are as much entitled to hold offices as white men are. By such an utterance White advertised his own moral caliber, and severely reflected upon the moral status of his race, which he thus publicly proclaimed mere imitators not of the best but of the worst element of the white race. It is no wonder that a respectable negro who heard the speech declared that he was ashamed of it, and that it made him almost ashamed of his race. He had much reason to be ashamed of White, who showed such a low estimate of the people for whom he stands as a champion.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says My W. B. Cooper, of El Rio, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— High Point *Enterprise*: 'Squire P. H. Hobson united in marriage last Wednesday Peter Fields and Miss Elizabeth Holder—all of Guilford. The groom is 72 years age and the bride 26.

— Wilson *News*: With the death of Mr. Isaac Lamb, of this county, there died the oldest man probably in the State. Mr. Lamb was well known in this part of the State and for a long time was one of the most prosperous farmers in the county. He died Friday at his home in Taylor's township at the age of one hundred and eleven years.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Frank Reynolds, Andrew Reynolds and William Smith were arrested in Hope Mills yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Wheeler, charged with cutting B. A. Tindall during a fight last Sunday night. They are all white. Tindall, though cut in three places—across the throat, exposing the jugular vein, and twice across the breast—is recovering.

— Yanceville *News and Commercial*: Within the last few days we have been almost all over the county and we find tobacco looking extraordinarily well. The farmers in the county, while not decreasing the acreage of tobacco this year, have largely increased the acreage of wheat, corn, and other products, most of them raising more than will be necessary for home consumption.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Mayor Harrill has a letter from Mr. M. V. Richards, land and immigration agent of the Southern Railway, in which Mr. Richards says he has a list of fourteen tenant farmers residing in the State of Ohio who he thinks he can interest in locating in the South, and he would like to make an effort to plant them around Statesville. Mr. Richards asks Mayor Harrill to send him a list of ten or twelve farms, not exceeding 100 acres each, which can be purchased at reasonable prices on easy terms.

— Roxboro *Courier*: On Sunday evening, July the 10th, Some one went into the residence of Charles H. Clayton, near Roxboro, and bursted open a trunk and stole from it one hundred and twenty-five dollars in cash. Two negroes were suspected and traced to Durham, officers went over and caught them and brought them back to Roxboro. One of them, Jake Carter, confessed to getting the money, and is now in jail awaiting trial at Court. The other, Don Outlaw, was acquitted and turned lose. Mr. Clayton only got back about twenty dollars of his money.

— Newton *Enterprise*: South Carolina officers have been up in Caldwell and Watauga counties after volunteers and went down the Narrow Guage a few days ago with a large batch of mountain boys. — Deputy Sheriff Rowe arrested on Wednesday night Solon Drum, who escaped some time ago from the penitentiary, and Gilbert Drum, who escaped from the Iredell county chain-gang. They had each served about four months of their terms, and since their escape have been travelling in Tennessee and other States. They were caught at Josh Hoffman's, in Catawba township.

TWINKLINGS.

— Bacon—"Your wife spends hours at the dressmaker's. Now, what does it all amount to?" Egbert—"A pretty figure."

— "I guess it's nothing but an idle rumor." "Idle? I guess not. It is the busiest old rumor that ever happened."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Ethel—"I've had fully a dozen offers of marriage lately." Maud—"Mercy me! Good ones?" Ethel—"Yes. All from George."—*Tit-Bits.*

— 'I understand that Sagasta has a case of blues," said one Spanish citizen. "It's worse than that. It's a case of red, white and blues."—*Washington Star.*

— He—"I doubt if they will be happy. In matrimony there should be a similarity of tastes." She—Well, she is determined to have her own way and so is he."

— First Drummer—"I hear you've given up trade to go to the front?" Second—"Yes." "I don't suppose the salary was the chief inducement." "No; commission."

— Wants—"What? You drinking again? I thought you told me you had won a victory over alcohol." Lush—"Sp—hic—anish victory, ole feller."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Ex-Servant—"My husband's been beatin' me again, Miss Mary, and I'd twenty minds to have him arrested." Miss Mary—"Why didn't you?" Ex-Servant—"Well, I was thinkin', too, with me so lame and him not workin', how'd I ever get the money to pay the fine?"—*Life.*

— "There is a good deal of human nature in a puppy," remarked the philosopher, calmly watching Fido tearing his best hat to pieces. "Almost as destructive as one of my little nephews." Mrs. Bouncer—"Why, professor, don't you see he's got your hat!" The Professor—"Thunder! so he has. I thought it was one of the boarder's hats. Take that, you whelp!"—*Boston Transcript.*

Chronic Dyspepsia Cured.

AFTER suffering for nearly thirty years from dyspepsia, Mrs. H. E. Dugdale, wife of a prominent business man of Warsaw, N. Y., writes: "For 28 years, I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and a weak stomach. The lightest food produced distress, causing severe pain and the formation of gas. No matter how careful of my diet I suffered agonizing pain after eating. I was treated by many physicians and tried numerous remedies without permanent help. Two years ago I began taking Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and Nervine. Within a week I commenced improving, and persisting in the treatment I was soon able to eat what I liked, with no evil effects I keep them at hand and a single dose dispels any old symptoms."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURES All PAIN. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change je 25 1y sa tu th

CURRENT COMMENT.

— Apparently, the Spaniards are getting a better opinion of us. But this may be solely a tribute to their own vanity. They don't like the idea of being thrashed by "pigs," and hence they are inclined to regard us as "lions."—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

— If the American authorities want to bring the war in Cuba to a close let them cause to be distributed among the Spanish troops copies of the bill of fare furnished the prisoners at Portsmouth, and they will immediately surrender themselves in the hope of receiving similar treatment.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— The task of cleansing Santiago and putting it in a sanitary condition will be almost as arduous and quite as dangerous as was the task of capture. Once deodorized and disinfected, it would be a lovely city, charmingly situated and readily kept in healthful condition. All that is needed is proper drainage and enforced cleanliness.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— There have been many brave adventures made by our men in Cuba, but Lieutenant Miley's start, with a single troop of cavalry, to ride all about the province of Santiago and receive the surrender of bodies of armed Spaniards, aggregating 10,000 in all, is not one of the least of them. It is taking great chances with Spanish treachery, and it will be more surprising if the lieutenant returns with his troops and prisoners than if neither he nor they ever come back alive.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

AYLESBURY PRISON.

It Is the Only One England Has For Women Convicts.

England has only one prison for female convicts. It is now situated in Aylesbury, which for many years was the general prison for Buckinghamshire, though previous to November, 1896, the female prison had been at Woking for 28 years.

The change to Aylesbury was necessitated by the requirements of the war department, which took over the buildings at Woking and converted them into barracks. Neither the convicts nor the officials were particularly pleased at the removal, for the contrast between the two places was marked.

The discipline for the women is not as severe as in the men's prisons. In the latter absolutely no conversation is permitted, but at Aylesbury well behaved women are allowed an hour for conversation each day. In modern prison discipline, punishment plays a small part; in the women's prison corporal punishment does not exist.

The great hold of the prison officials over prisoners is obtained by the mark system. A prisoner is as keen on marks as a high school girl. By marks she can earn a higher class in prison, as well as the remission of a third part of her sentence. Thus a three years' penal sentence may be worked out in two years. This is called "earning the ticket." For the remaining year the prisoner out on her ticket has only to report herself every month at Scotland Yard.

Prisoners are classed as probationers, class 3, class 2 and class 1. Probationers have nine months of solitary work in their cells; the different classes have associated labor for the main part. The rules vary for exercise—an hour daily, except for class 1, which has 1½ hours. The diet, too, is different according to class, class 1 being the best. In class 2 prisoners have tea in the afternoon, but the doctor permits almost all the women prisoners to have tea and the two ounces of extra bread given with it. The doctor has the right of ordering them to the infirmary, where the diet is often generous, including such delicacies as chicken, stew, rissoles and coffee.

Several minor industries are carried on at Aylesbury. In a large workroom 30 women are employed in making suits for naval scholars at Greenwich, the suit consisting of blue serge blouse with large sailor collar and trousers. Other prisoners make suits of navy serge of excellent quality for the women warders. Others again work at making strong bags of stiff canvas for the postoffice. In the laundry a considerable number of women are employed. The prisoners are anxious to have their work admired.

Other industries, such as knitting stockings, hand sewed "liberty" shirts (to be worn by men set at liberty) and other garments, are carried on by the women in their cells. Naturally they much prefer associated labor, for the propinquity of fellow prisoners and the chance of a word to or from the matron about the work are blessings in prison life that are never despised. A small farm of two acres gives work to eight women. In many cases, open air work is more beneficial than any other, since it rebuilds the constitution and appears to work out a good deal of superfluous naughtiness.—New York Press.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Consumption, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

"Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief, until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude, not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. Law, Keokuk, Ia." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CYCLING AND ASTHMA

A London Physician Says the Former Will Cure the Latter.

Dr. Marcet of London, recommends bicycle riding as a remedy for asthma. Here is what he says about it in a letter to The Medical Record: "If asthma is a form of mountain sickness and if that distressing affection of high altitudes can be cured by training for the exercise of climbing, why should not asthma also yield to the training of the respiration carried out by practicing the respiratory movements needed to carry the tidal air through the lungs? Of all means of training respiration I think cycling is the best. When a person first takes a cycling exercise, it will be found, especially on going up hill, that the breath is wanting, the heart beats uncomfortably and the legs tire, but after training these discomforts disappear, nothing will be thought of ascending hills, the heart has become perfectly comfortable, all breathlessness has disappeared and the legs will no longer feel any fatigue.

"Cycling exercise, first of all, increases the depth of breathing, and that without fatigue, as the respiratory movements are automatic. At the same time it will accustom the rider instinctively to take in at each respiration the volume of air required to aerate the blood. Persons who do not care for cycling out of doors can take the same kind of exercise at home by means of a dummy cycle, consisting of an iron wheel driven by pedals, the resistance of the wheel being so contrived as to simulate bicycle riding. A strap carried partly around the rim of the wheel can be tightened at will by the rider, thus increasing the labor and recalling the effort of riding up hill. My experience of the results of this treatment is unfortunately limited to only one person. In this case it has proved eminently successful. This person took to bicycle riding three years ago for pleasure and in very great moderation for the first two years. He observed that the attacks of asthma to which he was subject became fewer. The tightness and wheezing which occurred every night have now entirely disappeared."

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine, and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed or price refunded. †

Persons troubled with diarrhœa will be interested in the experience of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel Dorrance, Providence, R. I. He says: "For several years I have been almost a constant sufferer from diarrhœa, the frequent attacks completely prostrating me and rendering me unfit for my duties at this hotel. About two years ago a travelling salesman kindly gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Much to my surprise and delight its effects were immediate. Whenever I felt symptoms of the disease I would fortify myself against the attack with a few doses of this valuable remedy. The result has been very satisfactory and almost complete relief from the affliction." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	6¾	@	6¾
Standard	7	@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	6¾	@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 70
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	50
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	19 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 25	@	4 50
First Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	53½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	42
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	10
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	80	@	90
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	7¼
North Carolina	6	@	10¼
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Board Fencing, resawed	12 00	@	20 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	30
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	26
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	19	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	12 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	70
Lisbon		@	
American		@	70
On 100 ℔ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 5-inch, ℔ M	3 00	@	3 50
Common	1 80	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¾
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 50
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6-24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 50
5-24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6-24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	1 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

WHAT IS YOUR FORTUNE

A woman's hand tells the tale! If it is smooth and white it shows she uses her head to save her hands—that she uses

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

to do her cleaning. If her hand is rough, wrinkled and shrunken, it shows she is still using the old soap and soda combination. Why don't you use Gold Dust Washing Powder?

Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at 25½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 25 cents bid for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market dull at 95c per bbl for strained and $1.00 for good strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year:—Spirits turpentine firm, 24½c, 24c; rosin firm, $1.20, $1.25; tar firm, $1.15; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	71
Rosin	371
Tar	234
Crude turpentine	51

Receipts same day last year.—354 casks spirits turpentine, 490 bbls rosin, 155 bbls tar, 33 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Good Ordinary	3	3-16	cts ℔
Good Ordinary	4¼		" "
Low Middling	5	3-16	" "
Middling	5½		" "
Good Middling	5¾		" "

Same day last year, middling 8½c. Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 11.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra prime, 75c; fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00 to 1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to .50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Money on call steady at 1@1½ per cent., last loan being at 1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange weak; actual business in bankers' bills 485@485¼ for demand; 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 486½. Commercial bills 482½@483. Silver certificates 58¾@59¼. Bar silver 59¼. Mexican dollars 46. Government bonds were easier; U. S. new 4's, registered, 124¾@125½; do. coupon, 125¾@126½; U. S. 4's 109¾@110¾; do. coupon, 110½@111½; U. S. 2's, 97; U. S. 5's, registered, 111¾@112½; do. 5's, coupon, 112¾@113½. State bonds—N. C. 6's 125; 4's 102.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, July 25.—Spirits turpentine steady at 24½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, July 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c; sales 438 casks; receipts 1,196 casks. Rosin firm; no sales; receipts 1,396 barrels; prices unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 25.—There was quite a stir in cotton futures this morning followed by a relapse. Cables were about as expected; crop news while somewhat conflicting, was generally favorable to the short interest. Most of to-day's trading was between room operators, although there was some investment buying during the morning and some buying for foreign account. The latter phases of the market indicated misgiving on the part of the longs. Liquidation was a feature. The market closed barely steady at a net loss of 25 points.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6 1-16c.

Futures closed barely steady; sales not reported: July 5.75c, August 5.77c, September 5.80c, October 5.83c, November 5.86c, December 5.89c, January 5.92c, February 5.92c; March 6.00c, April 6.03, May 6.05c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6 1-16c; middling gulf 6 5 16c; sales 792 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts — bales; exports to France 965 bales; exports to the Continent 722 bales; sales 702 bales; sales to spinners 169 bales; stock (actual) 101,791 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 903 bales; exports to France 965 bales; exports to the Continent 7,222 bales; stock 269,791 bales.

Consolidated—Net rece

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear ~~*Chas. H. Fletcher*~~ *on every the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* *Chas. H. Fletcher* *on the and has the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having

The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Alleged Gotham Dialect.

This contributor, however, is not deaf to the dialect of the born New Yorker. "The New York boy, city born and bred, can be detected in a moment by the peculiar way in which he pronounces the 'ur' sound in such words as 'birth,' 'bird,' 'earth' and 'heard.' * * * The queer little twists that enter so largely into the language in marring one of the cardinal sounds that compose it are thus expressed in Gotham tongues: 'Ur-yith' is how a New Yorker says 'earth;' 'hur-yid' for 'heard,' and 'mur-yid-der' for 'murder.' Those of us who were born in New York have heard the public schoolteacher insisting upon this peculiar twist. Most of us, too, have heard nice, careful little girls on the way home from school correcting careless companions by insisting that 'you mustn't say burd; you must say it nicely, bur-yid.' "—Boston Journal.

Dean Vaughan.

In speaking of the late Dean Vaughan of Llandaff The World of London says: "Mrs. Vaughan is probably the only person now living who could disclose the number of bishoprics which her husband refused between 1855 and 1863. Lord Palmerston is said to have at one time offered Dr. Vaughan every see which became vacant, and the queen and the prince consort were most anxious that he should accept a bishopric, and so also were divines of such very different church views as Archbishops Sumner, Longley and Tait, Bishops Wilberforce, Lonsdale and Hamilton, and Deans Milman, Wellesley and Stanley."

Beware of imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original & Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

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SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean. je 2 tf

The North Carolina

College of Agriculture

AND

Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY, RALEIGH, N. C.

je 28 tf.

Wanted,

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C

BIG G — Trade Mark — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists**, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WONDERFUL TOUCH.

A Blind Man Who Works For a Blind Man and Does Good Work.

This is about a blind man who works for a man who is also blind and does work for which men who can see are well paid. The blind man who does the work does it as well as a man with eyes, and he never makes a mistake. He depends entirely on his sense of touch, which is extraordinarily well developed.

Away back in war times T. J. Lockwood went to the front. He was a good soldier until he lost his sight. A rifle ball put out one eye and the shock and concussion so affected the other that it was destroyed. Totally blind, Mr. Lockwood came back to his old home and for a time was discouraged. Then he decided that there were things that he could do to earn a livelihood. He set up a store and dealt in men's merchandise at Buda, Ills. Fate was kind to him at last and he prospered. Time went on, and his employees were faithful to the man who had lost his most precious sense while fighting for a most righteous cause.

The man who was the buyer for Mr. Lockwood was and is J. Oechsley. He worked for Mr. Lockwood for many years and was one of the most important of his employees. But one day misfortune came to him. Oddly enough, it struck at his eyes. He was laid low with a nervous affliction, and when he was able to be told of it the doctors announced to him that he was to go through life in the same condition as his employer. His sight was gone and never would be restored.

Finally Mr. Oechsley was able to leave his room. He was not rich, and the illness had made a deep hole in his store of savings. The old problem of keeping the wolf from the door was to be met once more, but this time under a terrible handicap. In the hour of his most trying experience his old employer came to him, and the men went to the old store. Mr. Oechsley knew the place by heart. He was at home there, even if he could not see, and as the days went on he realized that all was not gone even if his sight was lost. He found that he could tell as of old the differences that lie in materials.

His hands seemed to have been given an extra share of cunning and in a measure became his sight. He practiced and grew more expert. His whole energy was thrown into the work he had put himself to do, and in a short time it was found that as a buyer of goods he was almost as good as before the calamity overtook him.

The merchants and jobbers with whom Mr. Oechsley deals know him. They would not take advantage of him even if they could, and they all admit that they could not if they would. The hands of this man are as good and even better in their way than the eyes of most men. He tells all about a piece of goods, no matter what it is, by feeling the texture and finish. He is considered to be a first class buyer, and when merchants say this of him they add that they do not take into consideration the fact that he is blind in passing their judgment of his ability.

The other blind man—the employer—is thoroughly satisfied with the work done by the one who sees with his hands. The store is prospering, and the men who play the biggest part in it are happy.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Why Wales Is Sad.

It is said in London that the Prince of Wales has been profoundly depressed ever since the death of Prince Henry of Battenberg, and a queer story is offered in explanation of it. This is to the effect that the two princes had their fortunes told by a gypsy some years ago. The Prince of Wales was informed that he would never be king of England, and Henry that he would die seeking glory under a tropic sky.

Codfish Head.

The head of fresh codfish is in European countries esteemed as a delicacy. It is boiled in salted water until tender and served with a white sauce seasoned with salt and pepper, capers, small chopped cucumber pickles or chopped peppers that have been pickled. If the flavor of onion is liked, add to the seasoning a temperate quantity of onion juice.

Photographed Thought.

Mr. Wallace—Well! They say it is now possible to photograph thought itself.

Mrs. Wallace—The idea!

"Exactly."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE THIEF.

At that time I was engaged, and very pleased to be, to a most enigmatical young person. She spoke rarely and in a way always a little mysterious, making voluntarily secrets of a hundred little actions of life and loving solitude in an alarming manner.

All this was offset by eyes so beautiful, by a coloring so marvelous, by an expression so divine that I had not the courage to reflect on the singularity of her character. I loved her, and I often passed hours of the night sitting before her doorstep, simply dreaming "that she lived there" and meditating on her presence as does the believer on the transubstantiation.

I did not know, in the first place, whether she loved me or not; she always refused to answer that question, referring to the wishes of her parents and her confidence in their wisdom. If I insisted, she generally ended by saying "that she knew nothing about it, but that she felt no antipathy toward me, and that, according to her ideas, was enough to decide a young girl on marriage." In vain I supplicated, in vain I tried to animate this enigmatical being. She remained as distant as the manner in which she loved, as unknown as she was dominating.

One evening as I was dreaming a little sadly of these things alone on the terrace of the Syrtes a commotion was heard in the house. I returned to the salon, where everything was in disorder, my hosts were distressed, their friends embarrassed and troubled and old Mme. Desparcs horribly pale and trembling.

"What in the world has happened?" I asked. They explained incoherently that Mme. Desparcs' diamonds were stolen—old family diamonds of great value. All the servants had been summoned into an adjoining room—in short, a formal search was to be instituted. An old gentleman, M. de la Hestre, had been unanimously selected to direct this investigation just as I was entering, and his first proposition was that every one submit, or rather offer himself, to be searched. Although the thing was rather offensive no one protested, and it was decided that, after the servants, each one present should be examined.

To tell the truth, all this seemed of small importance beside my personal cares, and with several others I waited the end of the adventure, while M. de la Hestre, his two witnesses and our host began the inspection of the domestics.

Very soon I fell again into my meditation, my eyes fixed on the fireplace, as though there were a fire, when suddenly I felt a touch on my elbow. I raised my head with a start, to see my fiancee looking at me most beseechingly. We were alone near the fireside and could talk in low tones without being overheard. She murmured very low:

"If you love me, arrange that they search you first; then try to be near me, and, without being seen, try to conceal the object that I shall pass you from behind."

My blood ran cold. This annoying incident became terrible, filling me with the most passionate trouble. I looked at the girl in agony, but forced myself to smile and whispered:

"It shall be done as you wish."

My knees trembled; my mouth was dry and hot. The feeling that overwhelmed me was inexpressible. It was a strange mingling of bitterness and pleasure that my loved one should be weak to such a degree. I forced myself to have a sort of disdainful pity, and in reality love beat ardent, strong, stern, in my breast. I understood in a flash how beauty could become divine above baseness of soul, how one could respect it even in dishonor and a hundred other things in which were confused, fervent love, devotion without limit, a desire noble and perverse.

Jeanne had thanked me with a hardly perceptible movement of the lips; she stood by the wall with an air of indifference and pride:

"They are very long about it!" she said suddenly. "M. de la Hester is a man of method," some one replied, and a silence followed which told more and more on one's nerves, for even the waiting in a peaceful frame of mind finishes by disturbing and emptying the brain like a pump. However, the moment arrived when, the searching of the servants ended, the door opened, disclosing our host, the two witnesses and the old gentleman.

My heart beat furiously. I felt myself become terribly pale; but, concealing my agitation and steadying my voice, I asked to be searched first.

M. de la Hestre smiled at what he considered the whim of a young man and proceeded methodically to my examination. I blushed, I became pale, without any one finding that peculiar under the circumstances. When it was over, I made two or three steps backward and I found myself near Jeanne. She lowered her fan and handed me something with a coolness that was only equaled by my calmness in seizing the object and placing it in a pocket of my coat. After which I leaned against the fireplace, being now merely a witness and above all suspicion.

M. de la Hestre's search was unproductive of results. There remained nothing to do but to visit all the rooms and then inform the police.

Still my trouble of mind increased as I remained standing by the fireplace. My brain was in a whirl, and I felt the crime weigh on me as though I were indeed the thief.

Jeanne at last came toward me with that undulating step of hers and gave me a look of such passionate gratitude that it almost seemed to scorch me. Then in an imperative low tone she said:

"Do you still love me?"

I did not hesitate. I replied firmly:

"Yes."

"In spite of all that I have done?"

"In spite of everything."

"Will you marry me?"

"I will marry you."

She enveloped me with the same look, still warmer and more lingering. I fully comprehend the power of woman above all law, human or natural, drawn from the fountain head and against which nothing ought to prevail.

I felt strangely happy in this equivocal adventure, and could not throw off this happiness for which I reproached myself and of which I was terribly ashamed.

As I was struggling with these contending emotions exclamations were heard, and I saw M. de la Hestre reappear holding a little box.

"We have the jewels and the guilty one," he said very calmly.

I had only time to hear this much and to see the livid face of the valet—the guilty one—when I found that Jeanne was gently urging me out into the terrace where the shadows lay thickly. There I felt my head seized with two hands, while two pure lips were pressed to mine as Jeanne murmured:

"The thief adores you."—From the French For Short Stories.

Wood Engraving.

There seems to be some hope for wood engravers looming in the distance and from that quarter from which it was least expected. Their chief complaint has been that the photographer has ruined their craft. This is true in a sense, as without the photographer the process reproducer is nowhere. But with the multiplication of process blocks has come a desire, in some artistic quarters, to improve such process block, and so the wood engraver has been called in. This has been done for some time past in America with a fair measure of success. Any one who has taken the trouble to look at the results obtained on the printing press from a tone block, even when it has been carefully burnished and retouched, and from a tone block which has been worked upon by a skillful wood engraver must have been struck by the great difference in the results obtained. The wood engraver, then, may, after all, regain something of his lost position with those who love first class work and will perhaps cease reviling the inoffensive camera worker.—Amateur Photographer.

The Next Royal Wedding.

The marriage of Princess Maud of Wales and Prince Charles of Denmark is to take place at the Chapel Royal, St. James palace, early in July, and the arrangements will be much the same as on the occasion of the wedding of the Duke and Duchess of York, with a carriage procession from Buckingham palace, and a luncheon there after the ceremony. The honeymoon will be passed at Sandringham.

Plucking the Innocent.

"No," said the soap fakir to a group of people that had gathered around him, "there is no use talking to me about the innocence of the countryman. He may buy a gold brick occasionally or sign a blank check and lose his farm, but as a rule he can take care of himself just as well as the next one and generally a little better. If I knew as much as some farmers, I wouldn't be in this business, and you can gamble on that.

"Why, say, do you know what happened to me the last time I was down in the country? I got pinched, that's what I done. I got my satchel out in front of the hotel in a little town about 30 miles out east here and began to do a few tricks to draw a crowd.

"After I'd made an egg disappear and pulled a few knots open for them I says: 'Now, gentlemen, I'm going to show you a trick that nobody else on earth has ever attempted. You see my hat here? Well, we'll imagine for the time being that it's a flowerpot. Out of this hat I'm going to make a bush grow up, and when I've done that I'll make every leaf on it turn into a $5 note.'

"What? Did I do it? Of course I did! But, say, do you know what come of it? Blamed if they didn't arrest me and fine me $15 for raising bills, which the justice of the peace said was 'contrary to the statoots made and provided.'

"Well, I sort of had a hankering to know whether they done it in good faith or just because they thought I was easy picking, and what do you think I found out? Why, the people of that town hadn't paid any taxes for eight years. They'd actually been running things by plucking just such innocent fellows as me.

"Now, gentlemen, there's a $1 bill in one of these little packages. Who will give me 10 cents for the first choice?"—Cleveland Leader.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPECIAL SALE

this week in

Black Goods and

Summer Fabrics.

WE ARE SHOWING A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Carpets, Mattings, Oil-Cloth, Portieres, Screens, Mosquito Nets, Trunks, Bags, and Window Shades.

Bathing Suits and Caps for Ladies and Gents.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's Underwear in all grades.

Just received, the largest assortment of PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS from

$1.00 to $3.00.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

jy 10 tf

Boots and Shoes

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Low Cut Shoes

And Summer stock in a good many instances are being sold for much

Less Than it Cost to Make Them;

in order to make room for our larger STOCK OF FALL GOODS, which is already beginning to come in freely.

We Want Your Trade.

We Shall Strive to Merit It.

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Look in Our Window!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

jy 24 tf

Nunnally's Fine Candies

FRESH LOT JUST RECEIVED.

No Finer Candy Made Than Nunnallay's,

60 Cents Per Pound.

Shipped direct from the factory by Express.

For Blood and Muscle take "Sterilized Extract Malt," 20c per bottle. A fine tonic and tones your system up.

Harriss' Lithia Water 25c per gallon.

Fonticello Lithia Water 25c per gallon.

Ammonia, strong and good, 25c a quart.

Extract Witch Hazel 35c a quart.

J. Hicks Bunting,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 17 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

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Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

my 12 tf

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AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.

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☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

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We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 17 tf

The Morning Star.

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

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Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

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Corn, Oats, Hay,

MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

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FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington N. C.

my 23 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours. Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,

my 19 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C.

HELLO! HELLO!

IS THAT 109? Yes Sir.

Then send me at once one of those extra fine

Beef Tongues,

I hear you are selling for

25c.

Just in, Fresh and Fine. Going like hot cakes.

ONLY TO BE HAD AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

S. W. SANDERS.

jy 22 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS — DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:30 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6:38 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 3:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:45 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:03 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	9 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8.00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS!

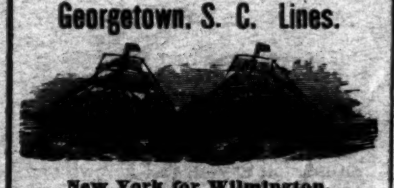
At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

BENEFACTOR .... Saturday, July 16th
CROATAN .... Saturday, July 23rd

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN .... Saturday, July 16th
BENEFACTOR .... Saturday, July 23rd

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

BENEFACTOR .... Tuesday, July 19th
CROATAN .... Tuesday, July 26th

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

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WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

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Now on Hand and

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WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

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1000 Rolls Bagging.
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600 Bushels Meal.
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100 Boxes D. S. Sides.
50 Barrels C. M. Pork.

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No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.

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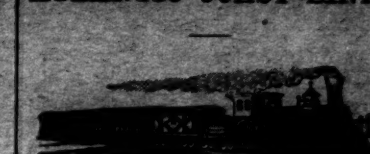
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect May 22, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:08 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.35 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:06 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m. Weldon 1:46 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m. Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 5:13 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m. Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:05 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:39 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m. Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 10.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:50 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:18 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

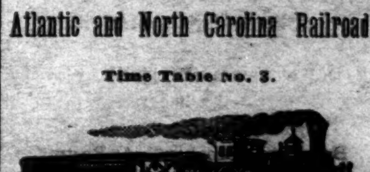
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.30 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1898.

THE CRISTOBAL COLON.

Lieutenant Hobson Making Arrangements to Raise the Sunken Spanish Warship.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Lieut. Richmond P. Hobson arrived in New York to-day from Washington and after consulting with the officials of the Merritt & Chapman Wrecking and Dock Co. announced that that company had consented to undertake the rescue of the Cristobal Colon and was making an effort to begin the work as soon as possible.

"The difficulty of saving the Colon," said he, "lies in the complete submergence, upon her beam ends of a steamer of 7,000 tons. Only a short portion of her stem is clear of water, which fills her whole interior. Her sea-valves are open and her sides are in a few places perforated by shells. The beach upon which she lies is exceedingly shelving, forming a part, in fact, of the mountain which there rises out of the sea and towers aloft. In short all the conditions are present which render the righting and raising of the ship an engineering feat of large proportions. At the same time, it is simple and quite feasible. No new appliances are needed, nothing has to be invented; it is simply a question of getting to the spot in time with the accepted means and methods on a sufficient scale."

As to the plan for raising the Colon, Lieut. Hobson said:

"We will run the pontoons alongside of the Colon, submerge them, and after chains under the bottom of the ship have been fastened to the pontoons and tightened the pontoons will be pumped out. At the same time we will use air-pumps in trying to force the water out of her air-chambers and water-tight compartments. If many of these compartments are found to be in good condition, this combined pressure from the outside and the inside will be sufficient to raise the Colon several feet. If they are not sufficient, then air-bags will be put in her hold and inflated by compressed air. Every time the ship is raised a few feet from the bottom she will be towed further in shore, so that after several easy stages she will be high enough out of the water to make all the necessary repairs. It is thought that her hull is not in a leaky condition, but that it was the opening of the sea-valves by the Spaniards which sank the ship, after they saw it was impossible to get away. If that is found to be the case, the Colon may be quickly towed to a dry dock in this country for permanent overhauling.

"I think it will be fully two weeks before the work of raising the Colon begins. As to when it can be finished will depend largely on the smoothness of the water. Pontoons cannot be worked in rough water. Fortunately for us the weather has been propitious thus far and it is our hope that it will continue until the Colon is high and safe on the beach."

Lieut. Hobson went over to Glen Ridge, N. J., this afternoon and lunched with Mrs. Sampson, wife of Rear Admiral Sampson. Constructor Hobson bore special messages to Mrs. Sampson from the Admiral.

STARVING CUBANS.

A Pitiful Appeal by the People of Cienfugeos, Cuba, to Rear Admiral Sampson.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.

GUANTANAMO BAY, July 25, 11 A. M.—The following pitiful appeal has been addressed by the starving people of Cienfuegos to Rear Admiral Sampson:

"Honorable Sir—The Cubans—old men, women and children—resident in the town of Cienfuegos and this neighborhood, are all dying of hunger. The young men are all in the field with the Cuban troops and have not shoes, neither food. All the provisions in this town are in the hands of Spaniards. Cubans cannot obtain a piece of bread, as it is necessary to send everything to the field. The Weyler system is in the way. The situation is terrible. If you, honorable sir, do not come quick with your squadron to our help and take possession of this town we shall be lost. We beg you to precipitate your operation. About five thousand old men, women and children shall die of hunger in this town. Some of these old men have four or five sons fighting for freedom. If the great people of the United States do not come quick to our help we are lost. For God's sake come quick.

[Signed] "SOME CUBANS."

Nothing can be done for the people of Cienfuegos until that place is captured. This will not be for some time.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 2.

St. Louis—St. Louis and Louisville postponed; wet ground.

New York—New York, 0; Baltimore, 9, forfeited.

Pittsburg--Pittsburg-Cincinnati, postponed, rain.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 4; Washington, 8.

Chicago—Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 0.

New York Forfeited Game.

NEW YORK, July 25.—New York to-day forfeited the game to the Baltimores after half of the fourth inning had been played. The score was at that time 1 to 1, Holmes, when at bat in Baltimore's inning struckout. A "fan" in the grand yelled:

"Oh, Ducky, You're a lobster."

"Well, I'm glad I'm not working for a Sheeney any more," replied Holmes.

Umpire Lynch turned around and said something to Holmes, who went to the bench.

President Freedman, who was sitting on the grand stand, sent a representative down with a request that Manager Hanlon take Holmes out of the game, Hanlon referred Freedman's representative to the umpire, who said he had not heard the remark, and refused to take Holmes out of the game. Freedman then came on the grounds and asked for the expulsion of the player, and on being refused, told Joyce not to play ball. Lynch then gave the game to the Baltimores, nine to nothing.

The spectators, about 3,000, received their money back.

President Freedman stated afterward that he would protest the game and that he would report Holmes to the board of discipline. He also said that people had been crying for gentlemanly ball playing, and they should get it on the New York grounds at any rate.

THE EXPEDITION TO PORTO RICO.

Expected That all the Troops Will be Landed Within a Week at the Latest.

TROOPS STILL EMBARKING.

Admiral Sampson's Report Received by the Navy Department—Resolutions of Congress Transmitted to Admiral Dewey.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The War Department was busied to-day hurrying the dispatch of the remainder of the Miles expedition against Porto Rico. Such progress has been made that it is hoped that all of the troops will be on Porto Rican soil within a week at the latest. General Miles is not expected to defer his landing until that time, but presumably will pick out a suitable place for encamping his troops and establish himself ashore awaiting the arrival of the ther detachments now on their way. War Department officials expect that the first news received from General Miles will come through the press dispatches, as the general has not with him so far as known, any dispatch boats. It will be at leat Saturday before direct cable communication can be established with him and in the meantime reliance must be had on the press boats running across to St. Thomas, distant about four hour run. It was expected at the department that Gen. Brooke and Gen. Haines would sail to-day from Newport News to join Miles and that most of Gen. Brooke's command would be embarked by Wednesday. The work of embarkation at Newport News is being conducted with much less difficulty and delay than was expected. Col. Hecker, in charge of the transportation division of the War Department, who has just returned from that place, has reported to Secretary Alger that it is eminently suited to the shipment for troops. Consequently the secretary to-day ordered all of Gen. Grant's brigade, 3,000 men, from Chickamauga to Newport News. It is not expected that all of the transports required for their accommodation will have arrived there by the time the soldiers get in, but they will encamp on suitable ground there and it is believed will be benefitted by the change from Chickamauga.

The Signal service has succeeded in reclaiming from the battle-fields of Santiago the tubes which supplied the military balloon with pure hydrogen gas, and they, with the balloon itself, have been brought over to Tampa on the steamer Adria. The tubes will be recharged immediately and the whole apparatus will be dispatched at once to Porto Rico to assist Gen. Miles in his campaign there. The balloon is said to have proved of great value in the Santiago campaign, and from the character of the country in Porto Rico where the military operations must be conducted it is believed that it can be used to advantage there.

Admiral Sampson's Report.

It was announced to-day at the Navy Department that the long expected report from Admiral Sampson upon the destruction of Cervera's fleet, with the accompanying reports of the commodore and captains of his squadron, had reached the department. It is supposed to have been brought by Captain Sigsbee, on the St. Paul, which arrived at New York last Friday, and to have been sent by mail by Captain Sigsbee. It is the intention of the Secretary of the Navy to give these reports to the public in their entirety. They will be given out for publication Wednesday morning.

Admiral Dewey.

Secretary Long to-day forwarded to Admiral Dewey the joint resolution of Congress extending the thanks of Congress for the victory achieved at Cavite. The resolution was beautifully engrossed and prefaced by a formal attestation of its authenticity by Secretary of State Day, the whole being enclosed in a highly gilt Russia leather case. It is to be remarked that Secretary Long in his letter of transmittal makes reference to a letter from the Secretary of State complimenting Admiral Dewey upon his direction of affairs since the great naval victory, a formal evidence that the State Department is thoroughly well satisfied with the diplomatic qualities he has exhibited. The letter of Secretary Long is as follows:

"*Navy Department, Washington, D. C., July 25, 1898.*—Sir: The department has received from the Secretary of State an engrossed and certified copy of a joint resolution of Congress, tendering the thanks of Congress to you, and the officers and men of the squadron under your command, for transmission to you, and herewith enclose the same.

"Accompanying the copy of the joint resolution the department received a letter from the Secretary of State requesting that there be conveyed to you his appreciation of your character as a naval officer, and of the good judgment and prudence you have shown in directing affairs since the date of your great achievement in destroying the Spanish fleet. This I take great pleasure in doing, and join most heartily, on behalf of the Navy Department, as well as personally, in the commendation of the Secretary of States.

Very respectfully,

"JOHN D. LONG, Secretary.

"Rear Admiral George Dewey, United States Navy, Commander-in-Chief of United States Naval Force, Asiatic Squadron.

The Spanish Prisoners,

The War Department has received a letter from a New York attorney, representing J. L. St. John, protesting against the award for transporting the Spanish prisoners in Spanish ships. In addition to the claims that have been made in this matter heretofore he alleged that his client had not been heard respecting a bid which he had put in. Col. Hecker replied to the attorney to-day, saying that Mr. St. John's bid was upon a letter denoting him a paper manufacturer and Mr. St. John had not responded to a telegram requesting his presence in Washington, save by a letter saying that he was glad that the contract had been placed so advantageously to the government. Col. Hecker also said that the department was fully advised as to the location of the Spanish ships before the contract was made.

Probably before the end of the week the Spanish company will commence the discharge of its obligation and have shipped from Santiago at least 10,000 of the Spanish soldiers on the long voyage to Spain.

Word came to the War Department to-day, through the medium of the United States consul at Fort De France, Island of Martinique, that the Spanish steamship Alicante, which has been lying there for several weeks, was about to sail for Santiago to ship some of the prisoners. She is due to arrive there about Thursday morning.

The Disposition of Shafter's Army.

Rumors of various kinds have been in circulation as to the disposition of Gen. Shafter's army, but the War Department has not come to any conclusion as yet in the matter. A sufficient force is to be kept at Santiago to maintain the position the United States has taken and to preserve order. While there is yellow fever infection in the army, no attempt will be made to bring the troops to the United States. The War Department, it may be stated, is now bending every effort to secure for Gen. Shafter's army an ample supply of nutritious food, and also will see that the soldiers have a rest and careful attention, so they may get in the very best condition The medical corps is now making a careful examination of the army with a view of advising the department as to the best methods of restoring the sick to health and preventing any further spread of disease. It is not believed at the department that any large number of troops will be necessary at Santiago after the Spanish prisoners have been deported.

ARRIVALS FROM SANTIAGO.

The Transport Hudson at Newport News and the Aransas at Tampa With Yellow Fever Cases on Board.

By Telegragh to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 25.—The transport Hudson from Santiago arrived in Hampton Roads at noon to-day. From the foremast floated a yellow flag indicating sickness aboard. Dr. Pettus, the national quarantine officer, boarded the vessel just as she cast anchor. He remained on the vessel for some time, and when he came ashore it was learned that he did not feel justified in permitting those on board to land. The Hudson is understood to carry a number of sick and wounded soldiers from Santiago. The bodies of Capt. Capron and Lieut. Hamilton Fish are on the ship en route North for interment. It is said that Sylvester Scovel, the New York newspaper correspondent who was ordered from Cuba because of insulting conduct towards Gen. Shafter, is also aboard.

TAMPA, FLA., July 25.—The transport Aransas arrived at quarantine today and will be held. The Aransas has on board sixty-four people and on the trip from Santiago several cases of yellow fever developed. She was held at the quarantine station at Mullet Key, and Dr. Glennan, of the Marine Hospital Service, who is in charge here, went down at once and ordered that the boat be held indefinitely. Col. Astor is one of the parties on board the Aransas, and he has important dispatches for the Secretary of War, which he has orders to deliver in person, but he will be held until all danger is over.

THE CARLIST MOVEMENT.

Leaders Left Madrid Because They Feared Arrest.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, July 25, Midnight.—The government professes to have full information as to all the Carlists' doings and is acting accordingly. The Carlist leaders, it is believed, left Madrid because they feared arrest rather than with the idea of preparing a rising. The authorities assert that the agitation has been effectively checked. Vasco, the Carlist chief at Bilboa, has been arrested. The exodus of Carlists from the northern provinces of Spain into France is extremely active.

LONDON, July 26.—The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says: "The prefect of the lower Pyrenees reports a Carlist exodus from Spain, Saint Jean De Luz, Bayonne, and Biarritz are alive with Carlists. The prefects of the Pyrenees have been ordered to place certain Carlists under surveillance and to notify the French government if any organization for moving arms or ammunition is discovered."

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION.

Spanish Prisoners at Portsmouth Cheer the U. S. Gunboat Frolic.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., July 25.—It was learned to-day that a remarkable demonstration occurred Saturday evening at Camp Long, on Seavey's Island where the captured sailors of Admiral Cervera's fleet are confined. As the United States gunboat Frolic passed the island on her way to Cuba, hundreds of the prisoners greeted the vessel with cheers and waving of hands. The ovation took the Americans by surprise. The outburst was regarded by those in charge of the camp as a result of the good treatment received here by the Spaniards who took this method of expressing their gratitude.

Surgeon McPherson said to-day that the condition of the prisoners in the hospital showed a marked improvement.

INTERNATIONAL COMPLICATIONS.

Japanese Warships Ordered to Co-operate With the British and Americans.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 15.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says four Russian men-of-war have left Port Arthur and it is supposed their destination is the Philippine Islands.

Another special dispatch from Shanghai, says the Japanese warships Woshino, Chinyen. Itsukushima, and Saiyen, have been hastily dispatched to Saiseho to reinforce the Japanese squadron there, making it the strongest in those waters. It has been ordered to co-operate with the British and American admirals in the event of international complications.

While the dispatch does not explain the matter, it is inferred the squadron is desired to be in readiness for Philippine operations.

THE FIGHT A DRAW.

Twenty-five Round Bout Between McPartland and Jack Everhardt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 25.—"Kid" McPartland, of New York, and "Jack" Everhardt, of New Orleans, fought twenty-five rounds to-night at the Greater New York Athletic Club, Coney Island, and at the end of the fight both men were well able to go several rounds more. Referee Sam Austin satisfied every one by declaring the bout a draw. This is the third time these men have met and to-night's contest leaves the question of supremacy between the two men to be settled at some future time.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

GUANTANAMO SURRENDERS.

Seven Thousand Spanish Soldiers at That Place Laid Down Their Arms.

OTHER FORCES CAPITULATE.

Forty Political Prisoners Released From the Jail in Santiago—Many Others Still Confined—Yellow Fever Epidemic in Guantanamo.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 25.—Everything here is peaceful. The 7,000 Spanish soldiers at Guantanamo laid down their arms to-day. The 3,350 from Palma, Soriano, San Luis and Longo surrendered yesterday to Lieut. Miley, and to-day pack trains with provisions were sent them. The only others included in the capitulation are 2,000 troops at Baracao and 1,000 at Sagua. They have not been turned over, but they are now here in Gen. Garcia's vicinity. He is at Jiguany today and reached there without encountering any Spaninrds.

Gen. Shafter authorizes an absolute contradiction of the report that Garcia encountered a force of Spaniards who were returning to Santiago to surrender and was defeated by them.

Col. Ezra P. Ewers, of the Ninth infantry, acting for Gen. Shafter, will receive the formal surrender of Guantanamo.

Imprisoned Cubans Released.

Yesterday Gen. Shafter released forty Cubans who had been confined in the local jail on political charges. Indeed, some of them were confined without charges of any character, others on the most trivial pretexts, and yet others solely because of sympathy with the insurgent cause. The jail is still filled with many whose crimes and sentences are not on record, and are absolutely unknown, so far as has yet been ascertained. A general investigation has been ordered immediately.

American newspapers, which have arrived here, contain articles written apparently under a misapprehension of the facts regarding the

Conduct of the Campaign.

and the dictation of the terms of surrender. Gen. Miles was here simply as a visitor and adviser. In his official capacity he had nothing to do with the terms of the capitulation, the entire credit for which belongs to Gen. Shafter, who on July 10th received the following dispatch from Washington, of that date:

"*Gen. Shafter, Siboney*—The Secretary of War directs me to inform you that Gen. Miles left here at 10:40 last night for Santiago, but with instructions which do not in any manner supersede you as the commander of the United States troops in the field near Santiago so long as you are able for duty.

(Signed) "CORBIN,
Adjutant General."

Famine and Yellow Fever.

GUANTANAMO HARBOR, Sunday evening, July 17.—The correspondent was informed to-night that this morning the Spaniards at and near Cimanera fired on a steam launch, which, with its companions, constatly patrols the entrance to the lower bay. This hostile act was something of a surprise, because the troops under Perez had been informed the day before that Santiago was to surrender formally at noon to-day and that he and his troops were included in those who must lay down their arms and return to Spain.

To grim famine in Guantanamo city and its environs is added the ravages of yellow fever, which seems to be much more virulent in type than it is further westward. Deaths from yellow jack average fifteen per day. This report is official from Perez himself. A strict military quarantine is observed here and Commander McCalla of the Marblehead is infinitely more strict than any health officer the States can boast.

Gen. Miles who came here on the Yale yesterday was not allowed to land until he showed a medical certificate to the effect that immediately after his visit to the Santiago army his person and his apparel had been fumigated. The general has gone so far as to sacrifice his mustache to the exigiencies of the occasion.

TROOPS FOR PORTO RICO.

Cavalry and Infantry to the Number of 6000 Arrive at Newport News.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, July 25.—In-coming trains during the last thirty-six hours have brought nearly 6,000 troops to the city. This includes the Second brigade of the First Army Corps in command of Brigadier General Haines, from Chickamauga Park, Tenn., and five troops of cavalry from Camp Alger.

The first train reached the city at noon Sunday and from that time until late yesterday afternoon section followed section. The trains stopped within a few hundred yards of the camp grounds and as fast as the troops arrived they marched to the grounds where they pitched dog tents and made themselves comfortable.

Major General Brooke's special train, which left Chickamauga Sunday afternoon with the commander of the First Army Corps and his staff, pulled in at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon and Gen. Brooke immediately repaired to the Warwick Hotel, where he will remain till he sails for Porto Rico on the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis.

Gen. Haines' brigade will begin to embark early to-morrow morning. The transports Massachusetts, Roumania and City of Washington are now at the piers taking on provisions. The auxiliary cruiser St. Paul is expected to come up Hampton Roads to-morrow morning, and it is probable that the vessel will sail in the afternoon with Gen. Brooke and his staff and 1,300 troops. The St. Paul is expected to steam into port to-morrow morning from New York. She will also take on troops and provisions.

FROM THE KLONDIKE.

Steamer With Passengers and Over $1,000,000 in Gold Arrives at Seattle.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SEATTLE, WASH., July 25.—The steamer Charles Nelson arrived here to-day from St. Michaels with 173 passengers from Dawson and gold dust estimated all the way frm $1,000,000 to $1,500,000. When the Nelson left St. Michaels, twenty-six vessels were there. Nine river steamers loaded to the guards had started up the river. There is a large amount of merchandise at St. Michaels, which will insure plenty of food next winter if it can be gotten up before ice closes navigation.

SPAIN HOPEFUL AND DEFIANT.

Has Made No Approach for Peace and Does Not Mean to Yet Awhile.

THE WAR WILL CONTINUE.

The Government Seeking to Organize European Concert Against the United States—The Pope Suggests Peace Terms.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, July 25, 11 P. M.—A private dispatch from San Juan de Porto Rico says a strong American squadron has appeared before Bahia Honda, but that the American attempt to disembark was repulsed with considerable loss.

It is announced to-night that complete tranquility prevails throughout Spain.

The Cuban colonial government, it is also announced, will confer with the representatives of Maximo Gomez, and it is believed that the conference may result in the insurgents espousing the Spanish cause.

Proposes an Armistice.

LONDON, July 25.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid, published here this afternoon, that the Spanish government has drawn up a message, addressed to the Government at Washington, proposing an armistice for the purpose of discussing the terms upon which peace with the United States can be arranged.

MADRID, July 25, 10 A. M.—According to a dispatch from Cadiz to the *Imparcial* of this city, advices from Tangier say the foreign minister of Morrocco declares that if the Americans enter Morroccan ports they will be notified to leave in twenty-four hours, and, it is added, if they refuse to do so Morocco will place herself under the protection of the powers. The peace probabilities are anxiously canvassed at Tangier since the arrival there of the new United States consul, and the special dispatch adds, the belief increases that the United States does not intend to deprive Spain of anything but the Antilles.

The Pope Interferes.

LONDON, July 25.—A special dispatch from Rome says the Pope has communicated to the powers peace proposals that he considers acceptable to both Spain and the United States; namely, American annexation of Cuba and Porto Rico, the restitution of the Philippines to Spain and a commercial treaty giving Spain exceptional advantages in the colonies surrendered.

Spain Still Hopeful.

LONDON, July 26.—The *Daily Chronicle* this morning claims to know positively that no peace negotiations of any sort have occurred between the American and Spanish governments. The *Daily Chronicle* says:

"Spain has made no approach and apparently does not mean to yet. It is understood that the Spanish government is still hopeful of organizing a European concert against the United States."

The War Will Continue.

LONDON, July 26.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Standard* says:

"There is still an endeavor to keep alive the impression that something is going on behind the scenes in the direction of peace, but the prevalent idea is that the war will continue until the fall of Manila and the invasion of Porto Rico. A cabinet crisis has been averted for the time being.

"Those who succeed the present cabinet will certainly be obliged ere long to ask the country to submit terms profoundly repugnant to the national pride. The prospect of intermediary cabinets is marred by the loyal and correct attitude of Gen. Polavieja, who declines to become the instrument of politicians eager to create a third party."

Carlist Activity.

LONDON, July 26.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Times*, noting the great increase in Carlist activity, says:

"All the leading members of the party have left Madrid.

"On the other hand some influential Carlists repudiate any agitation, and the best authorities in the Monarchical parties are also of the opinion that there is no danger of a rising at present, since few Spaniards are willing to increase the nation's calamities by plunging the country into the horrors of civil war."

LONDON, July 25.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says: "An American lady, said to be Commodore Schley's daughter, has arrived here, but neither the Queen Regent nor any responsible personage will receive her. She will probably be requested to depart at the earliest date."

[Presumably the American lady referred to is Miss Jessie Schley, daughter of Mr. Charles Schley, of Milwaukee, a cousin of Commodore Schley.]

GERMAN SKIPPER INDIGNANT.

His Vessel Was Held Up by a Blockading Ship Off Porto Rico.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., July 25.—Thos. Lotz, of the German steamer Croatia which arrived here yesterday and reported having been fired upon three times off San Juan de Porto Rico on Saturday night by an American warship, understood to be the United States cruiser New Orleans, was quoted in an interview to-day as saying that the first solid shot fell within twenty yards of the ship. The steamer was immediately stopped, but her captain adds that two more shots were fired over the Croatia's bows from close range. Later, an officer from the New Orleans boarded the Croatia and asked if the ship was injured. Capt. Lotz was highly indignant at being fired upon, as he considered his ship was outside the blockading zone.

The French gunboat Fulton arrived here to-day. She is going in search of the French line steamer Olinde Rodriguez, which was captured by a United States warship and taken to Charleston, S. C., while on a voyage from Hayti to St. Thomas, with passengers, mails, etc.

The Earl of Minto has been appointed Governor General of Canada, in succession of the Earl of Aberdeen.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

INFERNAL MACHINE FOUND.

Arranged to Blow up the U. S. Supply Ship Port Victor, But Proved a Complete Failure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 25.—In a letter to a prominent officer here, Capt. William C. Brickley, of the refrigerating and supply ship Port Victor, says that an attempt was made to blow up the ship when she was three days out. He said that a box containing thirty pounds of dynamite and gun cotton was found, without any address, on the main deck of the steamer. A clock-like mechanism had been arranged by which the explosives were to be set off.

The Port Victor left New York, July 14. The box was made of 2½-inch lumber and was jointed and grooved. It was 18 inches high, 20 inches wide and nine feet long.

When the box was opened another box made of the same kind of lumber and nearly as large, was found inside. This was opened and inside were found the dynamite and gun cotton. The upper part of the inside of the box was lined with numerous wires connected with a clock-like mechanism, as described by the captain's letter, though the letter did not state at what time the mechanism had been set to be exploded. Capt. Brickley wrote that he and the steward threw the box overboard. They did not inform any one else on the ship of the occurrence, with the exception of an expert officer, who examined the machine for Capt. Brickley.

The letter contains very few details, and the description of the machine does not give the army officer who received the letter a definite idea as to what the mechanism was like or how it was to have been exploded. The captain wrote that the box was aboard the ship when she left New York and he said that it must have been placed aboard here.

The Port Victor is known as transport No. 2. She carried eight hundred tons of Red Cros stores as well as a large quantity of supplies from the United States commissary department. At Tampa she was to have taken on 2,400 quarters of fresh beef.

REGULARS AND VOLUNTEERS.

An Army of 261,400 Men Placed in the Field in Ninety Days.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Adjutant General Corbin to-night made public a statement of the progress made in the organization of the regular and volunteer armies of the United States up to and including July 24. In the ninety days which have elapsed since the President issued his first call for volunteers an army of 261,400 men has been recruited, mustered, equipped and placed in the field, an achievement that has elicited surprise and admiration from the best informed authorities of Europe.

The personnel of the army is far superior to that of any body of men hitherto raised for military purposes by the United States.

TOWN DESTROYED.

A Nova Scotian Shipping Port Wiped Out by Fire.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 25.—The town of Pugwash, 1,200 inhabitants, a deal shipping port of considerable importance on the Straits of Northumberland, was wiped out by fire to-day, 200 dwellings, five churches, twenty stores, three hotels and several mills being destroyed. The town was little insured, owing to the absence of fire protection. The inhabitants are now encamped in the fields and woods. Several people are reported missing, but it is impossible yet to tell who, if any, lost their lives. Relief is being organized in every direction.

THE POPULAR LOAN.

Bonds Will be Allotted to About 300,000 Persons.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—A Treasury statement shows that there are about 300,000 persons to whom bonds under the government's popular loan will be allotted. All persons offering to take $4,500 or less will receive bonds. The first shipment of the new bonds was made to-day. The bonds will be sent out as rapidly as possible.

THE ARMY OF INVASION.

Gen. Miles' Troops Landing on the Island of Porto Rico, Near Ponce, on the South Coast.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., July 25.—The United States troops are landing to-day on the island of Porto Rico, near Ponce, on the south coast.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Chilian cruiser Almirante O'Higgins arrived yesterday at Valparaiso.

The War Department has decided to send the First Florida, Second Georgia and Fifth Maryland regiments, now at Tampa, to Porto Rico.

According to a dispatch from Rome the Vatican has instructed the Papal Nuncio at Madrid to threaten with severe punishment any priests favoring Carlist or anti-dynastic intrigues.

Mrs. Sallie Hobson, mother of Lieut. Hobson, arrived in Atlanta on a visit to her son, John N. Hobson. Mrs. Hobson expects to meet the lieutenant here before he returns to Santiago.

Private Walter Lee, Company G, Second Georgia volunteers, died of typhoid fever in Fort Thomas military hospital, Cincinnati. He was attacked by the fever at Chickamauga.

A dispatch to the London *Chronicle* from Shanghai says that Li Houi, the King of Corea, desires to abdicate and to take refuge at the British consulate at Seoul. The British consul, however, declines to receive him.

Quite a young lady, a Miss Lettie Cook, is visiting friends near Noblesville, Ind. She is from Oswego, Kan., and it is now an open secret that she is the fiancee of Lieut. Hobson, of Merrimac fame. Miss Cook met the lieutenant at a wedding in Norfolk, Va., several months ago, a correspondence followed and engagement later.

A CHILD ENJOYS

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

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This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

YELLOW FEVER AT SANTIAGO.

Gen. Shafter Reports About 500 New Cases on the 24th.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The War Department at 9:35 P. M. posted the following:

"*Santiago July 25.*—Number of new fever cases on the 24th inst., about 500. At least 430 returned to duty. Actual figures will be given hereafter. Notwithstanding figures the situation seems somewhat improved. One death, Sergeant D. Larnnen, troop C, Third cavalry, yellow fever, Siboney.

SHAFTER"

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Fifty Bushels Cow Peas for sale. Apply to H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street. Bell 'Phone No. 38. jy 24 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. R. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

Century Dictionary for sale—Half Morrocco binding—good as new. Will sell very low. Write Knox W. Henry, McAdenville, N. C. jy 26 1t*

Music School Wanted—A young lady desires the music department in a High School or private family. No objection to going South. Three years successful teaching. Testimonials if required. Address, Miss W. T. N., care of Wilmington STAR. jy 21 tf

Your Shipments of cotton, naval stores, and country produce of all kinds solicited. Every effort made to get the highest prices, and prompt returns always made. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. jy 14 1w

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

For the Finest Peaches in the city three times a week at reasonable prices, see L. Tate Bowden No. 6 Princess street. jy 7 tf

Photographer Runaway.—U. C. Ellis has run way ahead of his competitors and the public concedes him the right of way for the finest possible Photographs. Your work solicited. 114 Market street. je 26 1m

C. S. Garrell has opened a produce commission business at 7 North 2nd street. Shipments from the country solicited and will be handled with care and promptness. City merchants requested to ask for prices. je 16 D&W 1m

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

A Tender, Juicy Roast of Beef

cooked to the point where the juice follows the touch of the knife, is a tempting, nourishing and substantial dish for dinner, when your appetite is coquetting with you on a sultry day. IT SUSTAINS STRENGTH, and appeases hunger with a gusto that is satisfying. Try a Sirloin, Rib, Cross Rib, Porterhouse or Lamb cut by us, when your appetite flags.

I. B. RHODES.

jy 20 tf

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But you wouldn't know it if you were at CAROLINA BEACH. Come down and try it a while, and be sure to

Stop at the Kure House.

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Mrs. Hans A. Kure.

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B. F. KING, MANAGER.

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1 Gross Laudanum.
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Assafœtida, Camphor, Pills, etc.

Ask for Quotations

before purchasing elsewhere.

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Wholesale Grocers, 5 and 7 South Water St.

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FLOUR ALL GRADES.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS.

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